

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MAY 5, 2014

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2013–14 REGULAR SESSION

**ASSEMBLY BILL**

**No. 2257**

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**Introduced by Assembly Member Cooley**

February 21, 2014

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An act to amend Sections ~~4674, 4675, and 4676~~ 4674 and 4675 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, relating to taxation.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 2257, as amended, Cooley. Property tax: tax-defaulted property: excess proceeds from sale.

~~(1) Existing~~

*Existing* law generally authorizes a county tax collector to sell tax-defaulted property 5 years or more, or 3 years or more, as applicable, after that property has become tax defaulted. Existing law requires the proceeds from the sale of tax-defaulted property to be deposited in the delinquent tax sale trust fund, and requires the proceeds in the fund to be distributed to the state, to the county for reimbursement of specified costs relating to the sale of the tax-defaulted property, and among taxing agencies, as provided. Existing law requires any proceeds remaining in the delinquent tax sale trust fund after distribution of the proceeds to be retained in the fund subject to being claimed by parties of interest, as provided. Existing law requires, at the expiration of one year following the recordation of the tax deed to the purchaser, that any excess proceeds not claimed be distributed among taxing agencies, as provided.

This bill would eliminate the requirement that any excess proceeds not claimed be distributed among taxing agencies, and would instead

authorize any excess proceeds to be transferred to the county general fund at the expiration of a specified time period.

~~(2) Existing~~

*Existing* law authorizes any party of interest to file with the county a claim for the excess proceeds from the sale of tax-defaulted property, as specified, at any time prior to the expiration of one year following the recordation of the tax collector's deed to the purchaser. Existing law prohibits the excess proceeds from being distributed to the parties of interest, as specified, sooner than one year following the recordation of the tax collector's deed to the purchaser.

This bill would prohibit the distribution of any excess proceeds to the parties of interest as described above if the board of supervisors has been petitioned to rescind the tax sale, as specified, and would instead require the excess proceeds to be distributed no sooner than one year following the date the board of supervisors determines the tax sale should not be rescinded, and only if the person who petitioned the board of supervisors has not commenced a proceeding in court, as specified. If a proceeding has been commenced in a court, this bill would prohibit any excess proceeds from being distributed until final court order has been issued.

By changing the manner in which excess proceeds from the sale of tax-defaulted are distributed by local county officials to parties of interest, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program

~~(3) Existing law requires the county, when excess proceeds from the sale of tax-defaulted property exceed \$150, to provide notice of the right to claim the excess proceeds by mailing a written notice to the last known mailing address of parties of interest, as defined. Existing law requires the county, if the last known address of a party of interest cannot be obtained, to publish the notice in a newspaper, as specified, except when the cost to publish is equal to or greater than the amount of the excess proceeds.~~

~~This bill would revise the exception to the newspaper publication of notice requirement.~~

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to these statutory provisions.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes.  
State-mandated local program: yes.

*The people of the State of California do enact as follows:*

1     SECTION 1. Section 4674 of the Revenue and Taxation Code  
2 is amended to read:

3     4674. Any excess in the proceeds deposited in the delinquent  
4 tax sale trust fund remaining after satisfaction of the amounts  
5 distributed under Sections 4672, 4672.1, 4672.2, 4673, and 4673.1  
6 shall be retained in the fund on account of, and may be claimed  
7 by parties of interest in the property as provided in, Section 4675.  
8 At the expiration of the period specified in subdivision (e) of  
9 Section 4675, any excess proceeds not claimed under Section 4675  
10 may be transferred to the county general fund.

11     SEC. 2. Section 4675 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is  
12 amended to read:

13     4675. (a) Any party of interest in the property may file with  
14 the county a claim for the excess proceeds, in proportion to his or  
15 her interest held with others of equal priority in the property at the  
16 time of sale, at any time prior to the expiration of one year  
17 following the recordation of the tax collector's deed to the  
18 purchaser.

19     (b) After the property has been sold, a party of interest in the  
20 property at the time of the sale may assign his or her right to claim  
21 the excess proceeds only by a dated, written instrument that  
22 explicitly states that the right to claim the excess proceeds is being  
23 assigned, and only after each party to the proposed assignment has  
24 disclosed to each other party to the proposed assignment all facts  
25 of which he or she is aware relating to the value of the right that  
26 is being assigned. Any attempted assignment that does not comply  
27 with these requirements shall have no effect. This paragraph shall  
28 apply only with respect to assignments on or after the effective  
29 date of this paragraph.

30     (c) Any person or entity who in any way acts on behalf of, or  
31 in place of, any party of interest with respect to filing a claim for  
32 any excess proceeds shall submit proof with the claim that the  
33 amount and source of excess proceeds have been disclosed to the  
34 party of interest and that the party of interest has been advised of

1 his or her right to file a claim for the excess proceeds on his or her  
2 own behalf directly with the county at no cost.

3 (d) The claims shall contain any information and proof deemed  
4 necessary by the board of supervisors to establish the claimant's  
5 rights to all or any portion of the excess proceeds.

6 (e) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), no sooner than one  
7 year following the recordation of the tax collector's deed to the  
8 purchaser, and if the excess proceeds have been claimed by any  
9 party of interest as provided herein, the excess proceeds shall be  
10 distributed on order of the board of supervisors to the parties of  
11 interest who have claimed the excess proceeds in the order of  
12 priority set forth in subdivisions (a) and (b). For the purposes of  
13 this article, parties of interest and their order of priority are:

14 (A) First, lienholders of record prior to the recordation of the  
15 tax deed to the purchaser in the order of their priority.

16 (B) Second, any person with title of record to all or any portion  
17 of the property prior to the recordation of the tax deed to the  
18 purchaser.

19 (2) (A) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), if the board of  
20 supervisors has been petitioned to rescind the tax sale pursuant to  
21 Section 3731, any excess proceeds shall not be distributed to the  
22 parties of interest as provided by paragraph (1) sooner than one  
23 year following the date the board of supervisors determines the  
24 tax sale should not be rescinded, and only if the person who  
25 petitioned the board of supervisors pursuant to Section 3731 has  
26 not commenced a proceeding in court pursuant to Section 3725.

27 (B) If a proceeding has been commenced in a court pursuant to  
28 Section 3725, any excess proceeds shall not be distributed to the  
29 parties of interest as provided by paragraph (1) until a final court  
30 order is issued.

31 (f) In the event that a person with title of record is deceased at  
32 the time of the distribution of the excess proceeds, the heirs may  
33 submit an affidavit pursuant to Chapter 3 (commencing with  
34 Section 13100) of Part 1 of Division 8 of the Probate Code, to  
35 support their claim for excess proceeds.

36 (g) Any action or proceeding to review the decision of the board  
37 of supervisors shall be commenced within 90 days after the date  
38 of that decision of the board of supervisors.

39 ~~SEC. 3. Section 4676 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is~~  
40 ~~amended to read:~~

1     ~~4676. (a) When excess proceeds from the sale of tax-defaulted~~  
2 ~~property exceed one hundred fifty dollars (\$150), the county shall~~  
3 ~~provide notice of the right to claim the excess proceeds, as provided~~  
4 ~~in this section.~~

5     ~~(b) No later than 90 days after the sale of the property, the~~  
6 ~~county shall mail written notice of the right to claim excess~~  
7 ~~proceeds to the last known mailing address of parties of interest,~~  
8 ~~as defined in Section 4675. The county shall make a reasonable~~  
9 ~~effort to obtain the name and last known mailing address of parties~~  
10 ~~of interest.~~

11     ~~(c) If the last known address of a party of interest cannot be~~  
12 ~~obtained, the county shall publish notice of the right to claim excess~~  
13 ~~proceeds in a newspaper of general circulation in the county.~~  
14 ~~Publication is not required if the cost to publish is greater than the~~  
15 ~~amount of the excess proceeds or eliminates any excess proceeds~~  
16 ~~available for distribution. The notice shall be published once a~~  
17 ~~week for three successive weeks and shall commence no later than~~  
18 ~~90 days after the sale of the property.~~

19     ~~(d) The cost of obtaining the name and last known mailing~~  
20 ~~address of parties of interest and of mailing or publishing the~~  
21 ~~notices required under this section shall be deducted from the~~  
22 ~~excess proceeds and shall be distributed to the county general fund.~~

23     ~~SEC. 4.~~

24     ~~SEC. 3. If the Commission on State Mandates determines that~~  
25 ~~this act contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement to~~  
26 ~~local agencies and school districts for those costs shall be made~~  
27 ~~pursuant to Part 7 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division~~  
28 ~~4 of Title 2 of the Government Code.~~